two opposite rows, sessile, distinct and separated by a joint from the stem, short with everted apertures: vesicles scattered.— P_{0} -lypes hydraform.

* Cells distinctly alternate.

1. S. Polyzonias, erect, subflexuous; cells ovate, with a wide somewhat uneven aperture; vesicles obovate, wrinkled across, the orifice contracted and plain. Mr Newton.

PLATE VIII. Fig. 1, 2, 3.

Corallina minus ramosa, alterna vice denticulata, Raii, Syn. 35, no. 13, tab. 2, fig. 4, malé.—Great Tooth Coralline, Ellis, Coral. 5, no. 3, pl. 2, fig. a, A. and pl. 38, fig. 1, A.—Sertularia polyzonias, Lin. Syst. 1312. Ellis and Soland. Zooph. 37. Berk. Syn. i. 219. Turt. Gmel. iv. 683. Blumenb. Man. 273. Turt. Brit. Faun. 216. Wern. Mem. i. 564. Stew. Elem. ii. 447. Lam. Anim. s. Vert. ii. 117. 2de edit. ii. 142. Lamour. Cor. Flex. 190. Corallina, 83. Risso, L'Europ. mérid. v. 130. Bosc, Vers, iii. 119. Hogg's Stockton, 31. Flem. Brit. Anim. 542. Johnston in Trans. Newc. Soc. ii. 256. Templeton in Mag. Nat. Hist. ix. 468.—S. ericoides, Pall. Elench. 127.—Sertolara polizonia, Cavol. Polip. Mar. 224, tav. 8, fig. 12-14.—La Sertulaire zonée, Blainv. Actinolog. 480.

Hab. On shells and other corallines, in deep water. Near Queenborough in the island of Sheppey, Ellis. Leith shore, Jameson. Coast of Ayrshire, Mr. P. W. Maclagan. On the shore of Belfast Lough, Templeton. Cork Harbour, J. V. Thompson. Scarborough, Mr. Bean. Coasts of N. Durham and Berwickshire.—(β.) Cornwall, Pallas. Isle of Wight, Ellis. Berwickshire.

Polypidoms affixed by a creeping tubular fibre, from 1 to 2 inches high, of a yellowish horn-colour, filiform and slender, scarcely zigzag, simple or sparingly branched in general, but specimens occasionally occur which are bifariously pinnated; the pinnæ alternate, erecto-patent. Cells rather distant with an oblique joint in the stem above the origin of each of them, urceolate, smooth, the aperture wide and obsoletely tridentate. Polypes white or sometimes bright-yellow, with numerous tentacula. Vesicles large, sessile, ovate with a short tubulous apex, smooth or transversely wrinkled on the upper half.

Pallas describes a variety (β) worthy of notice, not unfrequent on the coast of Cornwall, 3 inches and upwards in height, with a compound stem, and branched in a pinnate manner similar to Thoa halecina, which this variety indeed very closely resembles. Ellis mentions that he had received specimens of the same from the Isle of Wight; and I have found it on the coast of Berwickshire. In the collection of my friend Dr Coldstream there are specimens also, from