Forest, the High Peak, &c. &c. Almost every part of the Moor is studded with the disused shafts of exhausted mines, and which are so carelessly covered over as to be extremely dangerous, and the visitor must bear this caution in mind; for the heaps of stone placed at irregular intervals on the hill, and which tempt the geologist to seek for specimens, are for the most part piled over the openings of deep shafts.*

Pass on by Wirksworth, to the quarries of mountain limestone, where the encrinital marble, so largely employed for side-boards, chimney-pieces, &c., is procured. Near the approach to the entrance of the quarry, an instructive example of curved strata of limestone is seen on the left; and on the right, a fine vertical artificial section. On the weathered surface of the left side of this entrance, and on the face nearest the quarry, good specimens of the stems and ossicula of the usual Derbyshire crinoidea may be extracted (see Wond.

^{*} My son narrowly escaped being drawn in by a heap of stones which gave way under his feet, and suddenly disappeared in the chasm below. In rambles of this kind in a mining country, the young geologist must, therefore, be upon his guard, or he may be engulphed with masses of limestone in some deep chasm, and his bones, incrusted with stalactite, form an ossiferous breccia, that in future ages may perplex some collector of organic remains to determine their relative antiquity!