

CHAPTER XVII.

PHENOMENA OF SPRINGS.

Origin of springs — Artesian wells — Borings at Paris — Distinct causes by which mineral and thermal waters may be raised to the surface — Their connection with volcanic agency — Calcareous springs — Travertin of the Elsa — Baths of San Vignone and of San Filippo, near Radicofani — Spheroidal structure in travertin — Bulicami of Viterbo — Lake of the Solfatara, near Rome — Travertin at Cascade of Tivoli — Gypseous, siliceous, and ferruginous springs — Brine springs — Carbonated springs — Disintegration of granite in Auvergne — Petroleum springs — Pitch lake of Trinidad - - - - - Page 233

CHAPTER XVIII.

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS OF RIVERS.

Lake deltas — Growth of the delta of the Upper Rhine in the Lake of Geneva — Computation of the age of deltas — Recent deposits in Lake Superior — Deltas of inland seas — Rapid shallowing of the Baltic — Marine delta of the Rhone — Various proofs of its increase — Stony nature of its deposits — Delta of the Po, Adige, Isonzo, and other rivers entering the Adriatic — Rapid conversion of that gulf into land — Mineral characters of the new deposits — Delta of the Nile 253

CHAPTER XIX.

OCEANIC DELTAS.

Deltas of the Ganges and Brahmapootra — Formation and destruction of islands — Abundance of crocodiles — Inundations — Boring in the delta at Calcutta — Quantity of mud carried down by the Ganges — Grouping of new strata in general — Convergence of deltas — Conglomerates — Various causes of stratification — Direction of laminæ — Interchange of land and sea — Supposed epochs of existing continents - - - - - 263

CHAPTER XX.

DESTROYING AND TRANSPORTING EFFECTS OF TIDES AND CURRENTS.

Differences in the rise of the tides — Rennell's Account of the Lagullas and Gulf currents — Velocity of currents — Causes of currents — Action of the sea on the British coast — Shetland Islands — Large blocks removed — Effects of lightning — Isles reduced to clusters of rocks — Orkney isles — Waste of East coast of Scotland — and East coast of England — Waste of the cliffs of Holderness, Norfolk, and Suffolk — Sand-dunes how far chronometers — Silting up of estuaries — Origin of submarine forests — Yarmouth estuary — Suffolk coast — Dunwich — Essex coast — Estuary of the Thames — Goodwin Sands — Coast of Kent — Formation of Straits of Dover — South coast of England — Sussex — Hants — Dorset — Portland — Origin of the Chesil Bank — Cornwall — Coast of Brittany 278

CHAPTER XXI.

ACTION OF TIDES AND CURRENTS — *continued.*

Inroads of the sea upon the delta of the Rhine in Holland — Changes in the arms of the Rhine — Proofs of subsidence of land — Estuary of the Bies Bosch, formed in 1421 — Zuyder Zee, in the 13th century — Islands destroyed — Delta of the Ems converted into a bay — Estuary of the Dollart formed — Encroachment of the sea on the coast of Sleswick — On shores of North America — Tidal wave, called the Bore — Influence of tides and currents on the mean level of seas — Action of currents in inland lakes and seas — Baltic — Cimbrian deluge — Straits of Gibraltar — No under-current there — Whether salt is precipitated in the Mediterranean — Waste of shores of Mediterranean - - - - - 312

CHAPTER XXII.

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS OF TIDES AND CURRENTS.

Estuaries how formed — Silting up of estuaries does not compensate the loss of land on the borders of the ocean — Bed of the German Ocean — Composition and extent of its sand-banks — Strata deposited by currents in the English Channel — On the shores of the Mediterranean — At the mouths of the Amazon, Orinoco, and Mississippi — Wide area over which strata may be formed by this cause - - - - - 324