- R. cruciatus Ag. Rhizostoma cruciata Less., Voy. Coquille, Pl. 11, fig. 1.— Coast of Brazil (Lesson).
- Toxoclytus Ag.—Eight short arms with cylindrical base, widening at their extremity into broad, arrow-head like, appendages, bordered with numerous folds of the marginal lobes.
  - T. roseus Ag. Rhizostoma rosea Reyn. in Less., Cent. Zool., Pl. 34. Atlantic Ocean, in the Tropics (Reynaud).
  - T. Dubreuilli Ag. Cephea Dubreuilli Reyn. in Less., Cent. Zool., Pl. 23. — Rhizostoma Dubreuilli Less. — Gulf of Bengal (Reynaud).
- Melitea Pér. and LeS., 1809 (name preoccupied). Orythia Lmk. (p. p.). Rhizostoma Esch. and Less. (p. p.). I suspect that the base of the arms alone are preserved in the only figure published of this genus, and that, besides the short lobes represented, it had long arms, like Thysanostoma.
  - M. purpurea Pér. and Les. DeBl., Man. d'Actinol., Pl. 35, fig. 5, from a drawing by LeSueur. Rhizostoma purpurea Esch. Orythia purpurea Lmk. New Holland: De Will's Land (Péron and LeSueur).
- Thysanostoma Ag. Eight very long, papillate arms, with a distinct round lobe, projecting outward from their base.
  - Th. Lessoni Ay. Melitea brachyura Less., Cent. Zool., Pl. 80. The name brachyura, for a species with very long arms, cannot be retained. Rhizostoma brachyura Less., Zool. Coq. New Guinea: Dorchy (Lesson).
- Evagora Pér. and Les. 1809.—Orythia Lmk. (p. p.).—Rhizostoma Esch. (p. p.). Owing to the number of the arms, which exceeds that of the other genera, I have some doubts as to the position of this genus, in the family of Rhizostomidæ proper. As characterized by Péron and LeSueur, this genus embraces two distinct types, one of which, the E. tetrachira, has been removed to Ocyroë (Aurelia) by Blainville.
  - E. capillata Pér. and LeS.—DeBl., Man. d'Actin., Pl. 35, fig. 3, from a drawing by LeSueur. Orythia capillata Lmk. Rhizostoma capillata Esch. New Holland: Endracht's Land (Péron and LeSueur).
- 2d Family. Leptobrachide Ag. This family embraces Rhizostomes with very long, slender arms, provided with a small cluster of marginal fringes near their termination. Four genital pouches.