

*L. inauriculata* *Owen*, Rep. Brit. Assoc., 1849.—*British Channel, Dover* (*Owen*). If this species is truly distinct from *L. quadricornis* it would appear that the boreal Fauna of Europe nourishes a different species from that of the Celtic Fauna.

*L. campanulata* *Lamourx*, *Johnst.*, Brit. Zoöph., p. 248.—*Lucernaria Convolvulus* *Johnst.*, Mag. Nat. Hist.—*Lucernaria auricula* *Milne-Edwards*, in Cuvier's Règne Anim., Pl. 63.—*Calvados* (Milne-Edwards); *England* (Johnston). Judging from the description and figures of Johnston and Milne-Edwards, this species will no doubt form a distinct genus, on account of its peculiar solanaceous actinostome, and the absence of single, simple tentacles.

*L. auricula* *Müll.*, Zool. Dan., Pl. 152; *Montagu*, Lin. Trans., Vol. IX. Pl. 7, fig. 5; *Johnst.*, Brit. Zoöph., p. 246; *Sars*, Bidr. Söedyr., Pl. 4, figs. 1-13.—*Lucernaria octoradiata* *Lmk.*—*Norway* (*Sars*); *German Ocean* (O. F. Müller); *England*, *Devonshire* (*Montagu*); *Scotland* (*Fleming*). This species is the type of a third genus. The propriety of subdividing the Lucernariæ has already been felt by Milne-Edwards, who, in the 3d volume of his Hist. des Corall., makes three sections of them.

*L. Fabricii* *Ag.*—*L. auricula* *Fabr.*—*Swampscott Beach* (L. Agassiz); *Greenland* (Fabricius). Differs from *L. auricula* by its slender stem and the deep emarginations of the disk.

*L. typica* *Greene*, Proc. Dubl. Univ. Assoc., Vol. I., is not known to me.

*L. phrygia* *Fabr.*, Faun. Greenl., from *Greenland*, has been referred to the Sipunculidæ by DeBlainville.

*Depastrum* *Gosse*, Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist., 1858 and 1860.

*D. stellifrons* *Gosse*, Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist., 1860, Vol. VI. p. 480, figs. in the text.—*British Channel, Weymouth* (*Gosse*).

*Carduella* *Allm.*, Mier. Journ., 1860.—*Depastrum* *Gosse* (p. p.).—*Calicinaria* *Milne-Edw.*, 1860.—*Lucernaria* *Sars* (p. p.).

*C. cyathiformis* *Allm.*, Mier. Journ., 1860, Vol. VIII. Pl. 5.—*Lucernaria cyathiformis* *Sars*, Fauna litt., Pl. 3, figs. 8-13.—*Depastrum cyathiforme* *Gosse*.—*Norway, Bergen and Floröe* (*Sars*); *Island of Arran* (Landsborough); *Stromness, Orkney Islands* (Gilchrist and Allman).