single fringed cell, sometimes as a many-celled fringed ball, can evidently be classed with none of the other Protista, and must be considered as the representative of a new independent group. As this group stands midway between several Protista, and links them together, it may bear the name of Mediator, or Catallacta.

The Protista of the fifth class, the *Tram-weavers*, or *Labyrinthulece*, are of a no less puzzling nature; they were lately discovered by Cienkowski on piles in sea water (Fig. 13). They are spindle-shaped cells, mostly of a yellow-

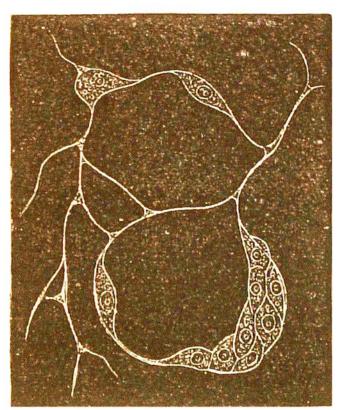


Fig. 13.—Labyrinthula macrocystis (much enlarged). Below is a large group of accumulated cells, one of which, on the left, is separating itself; above are two single cells which are gliding along the threads of the retiform labyrinth which form their "tramways."

ochre colour, which are sometimes united into a dense mass, sometimes move about in a very peculiar way. They form,

in a manner not yet explained, a retiform frame of entangled threads (compared to a labyrinth), and on the dense filamentous "tramways" of this frame they glide about. From the shape of the cells of the Labyrinthuleæ we might consider them as the simplest plants, from their motion as the simplest animals, but in reality they are neither animals nor plants.