

Middle or Brown Jura (Dogger).	Upper 20-100 ft.	Clays, shales, and ferruginous oolite with at the top the zone of Amm. (<i>Macrocephalites</i>) <i>macrocephalus</i> , equivalent to the Callovian or Kellaways rocks, and at the bottom that of Amm. <i>Parkinsoni</i> .
	Middle 50 ft.	"Bifurcatus-schichten" with Amm. (<i>Cosmoceras</i>) <i>bifurcatus</i> . These "Bifurcatus beds," with the <i>Hauptrogenstein</i> above them, including the zones of <i>Oppelia fusca</i> and <i>O. aspidoides</i> , form the Bathonian stage. ⁸²
	Lower up to 500 ft.	"Coronatus-schichten," clays with Amm. (<i>Stephanoceras</i>) <i>humphriesianus</i> , A. <i>Blagdeni</i> , A. <i>Braikenridgei</i> , and many corals of the genera <i>Montlivaltia</i> , <i>Thecosmilia</i> , <i>Cladophyllia</i> , <i>Isastraea</i> , <i>Confusastraea</i> and <i>Thamnastraea</i> . ⁸³ <i>Ostrea</i> limestone with <i>Ostrea Marshi</i> , <i>O. eduliformis</i> , <i>Trigonia costata</i> . Clays with <i>Belemnites giganteus</i> . Shales, sandstones and ironstones, with <i>Inoceramus polylocus</i> , Amm. (<i>Harpoceras</i>) <i>Murchisonæ</i> , <i>Pecten personatus</i> .
Lower or Black Jura (Lias).	Upper 30 ft.	Clays and shales with Amm. (<i>Harpoceras</i>) <i>opalinus</i> , A. <i>torulosus</i> , <i>Trigonia navis</i> . Gray marls with Amm. (<i>Lytoceras</i>) <i>jurensis</i> (<i>Jurensis-Mergel</i>), A. (<i>Harpoceras</i>) <i>radians</i> .
	Middle 80-100 ft.	Bituminous shales (<i>Posidonien-Schiefer</i>) with Amm. <i>lythensis</i> , A. <i>communis</i> , A. <i>bifrons</i> , <i>Posidonia Bronni</i> . Clays with Amm. <i>spinatus</i> , A. (<i>Amaltheus</i>) <i>margaritatus</i> , <i>Belemnites paxillosum</i> .
	Lower 100-115 ft. ⁸⁴	Marls and limestones with Amm. <i>capricornus</i> , A. <i>Davœi</i> . Dark clays and ferruginous marls with A. <i>brevispina</i> , A. <i>Jasoni</i> , A. <i>ibex</i> , A. <i>Jamesoni</i> , <i>Terebratula numismalis</i> . Clays with Amm. <i>obtusus</i> (<i>Turneri</i>), A. <i>Oxynotus</i> , A. <i>rari-costatus</i> (<i>Oxynotenlager</i>). Oil shales and <i>Pentacerinus</i> beds resting on gryphite limestone with Amm. (<i>Arietites</i>) <i>Bucklandi</i> , A. <i>Conybeari</i> , <i>Gryphaea arcuata</i> , <i>Lima gigantea</i> , <i>Spiriferina Walcotti</i> (<i>Arietenschichten</i>). Sandstones with Amm. <i>angulatus</i> (<i>Angulatenschichten</i>), <i>Cardinia Listeri</i> . Dark clays, sandy layers and limestone with Amm. <i>planorbis</i> (<i>psilonotus</i>) <i>Psilonotenkalk</i> .

In lithological characters the German Lower or Black Jura presents many points of resemblance to the English Lias. Some of the shales in the upper division are so bituminous as to be workable for mineral oil. With the general succession of organisms also, so well worked out by Oppel, Quenstedt, and others, the English Lias has been found to agree closely.

⁸² For an account of the fauna of this stage in the upper Rhenish lowland see A. O. Schlippe, Abhand. Geol. Speciakart. Elsass-Lothr. IV. Heft. iv. 1888.

⁸³ G. Meyer, "Korallen des Doggers," Abhand. Geol. Speciakart. Elsass-Lothr. IV. Heft v. 1888.

⁸⁴ For an account of this stage see J. A. Stuber, Abhandl. Geol. Speciakart. Elsass-Lothr. V. ii. 1893.